"Entrepreneur Engineering" with Japanese New Business Model

Nov.4, 1999 US-Japan TMC, Stanford

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Mission of US - JAPAN

Competition & Collaboration

Neuer Kombinationen
Creative Destruction

World Innovation

COC Innovation Index

3'99 Council on Competitiveness

The New Challenge to America's Prosperity Findings from the Innovation Index

• 1995 US No.1

• 1999 Japan No.1 US No.3

• 2005 Japan No.1 US No.6

Japan Committed to S&T

1981 ERATO Up to date: 57 Projects

Exploratory Research for Advanced Technology

1988 NISTEP established

National institute of Science & Technology Policy

1991 R&D Free Ride Criticism

1995 S&T Basic Law

S&T Basic Plan \$126B \$170B/5years (+35%)

1999 Millennium Projects

IT, Environment, Bio etc.

USA Enhancement of S&T

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1980 Stevence-Wydler Technology Innovation Act
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1980 Bayh-Dole Act

1982 SBIR

1985 Young Report:

Global Competition-The New Reality

1986 Federal Technology Transfer Act

1991 Council on Competitiveness

Japanese Economy

1980's Japan as No.1



1991 Bubble Broke Out

<Long Depression>

1998 Big Bang-Japan

1999 "Venture Congress"

Three Big Tide Behind

Globalization 20 Years

De-Regulation 20

IT Revolution 10

IMD's National Competitive Power: 1st 16th

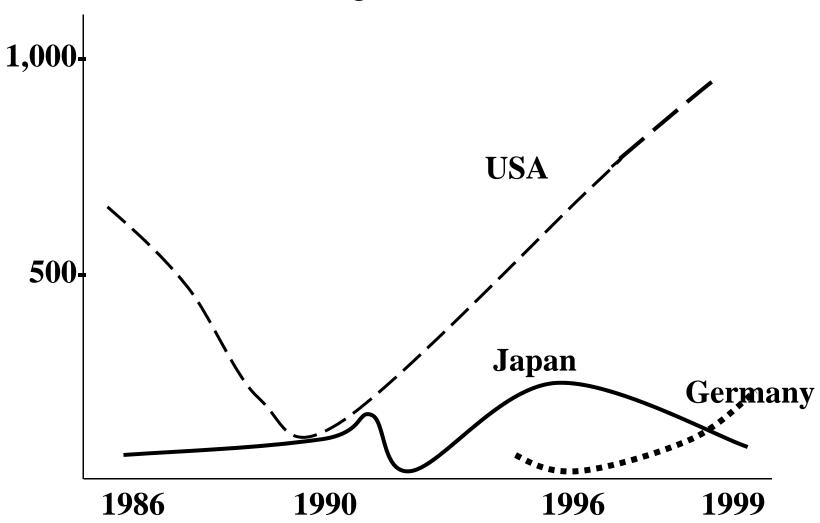
R&D: 1st 2nd

Venture Boom

2nd 3rd 1st **USA:** 1967~ 1978~ 1993~ INTEL Micro Soft **Internet** 1994~Now JAPAN: 1970~ 1982~ Fin.Ind.VC **Gov. Policy Get Out** Many Registrations

Number of IPO per Year

Image chart



What You Know as a History

Big Entrepreneurial Success

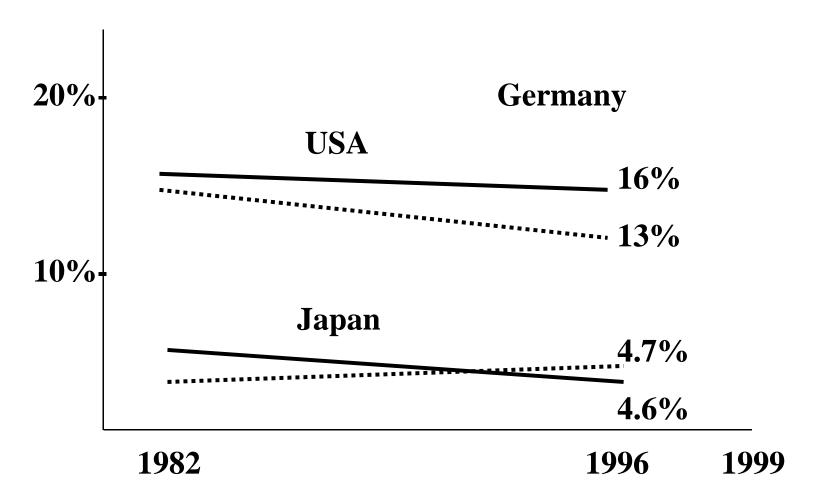
SONY 1946 Ibuka/Morita HONDA 1948 Honda KYOCERA 1959 Inamori



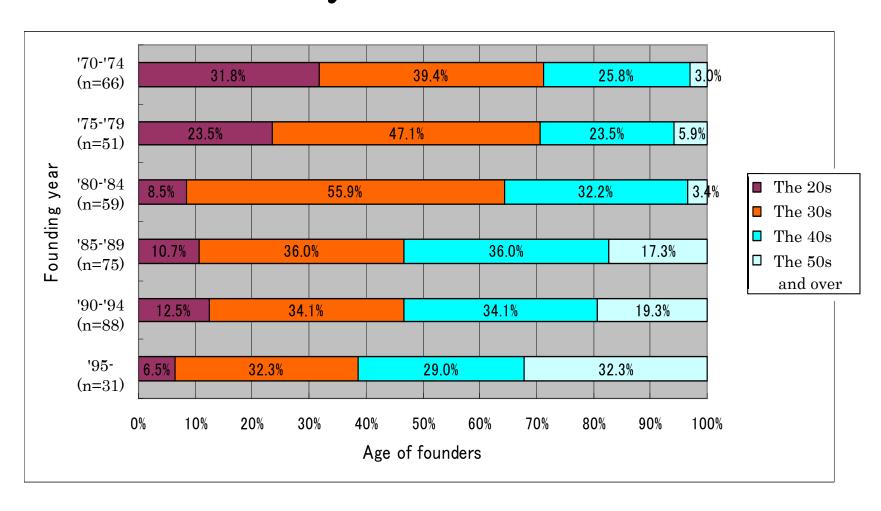
No Entrepreneurs to overcome them.

Company "Establish" "Shut Down" Ratio

Image chart



CEOs' ages when they founded their firms

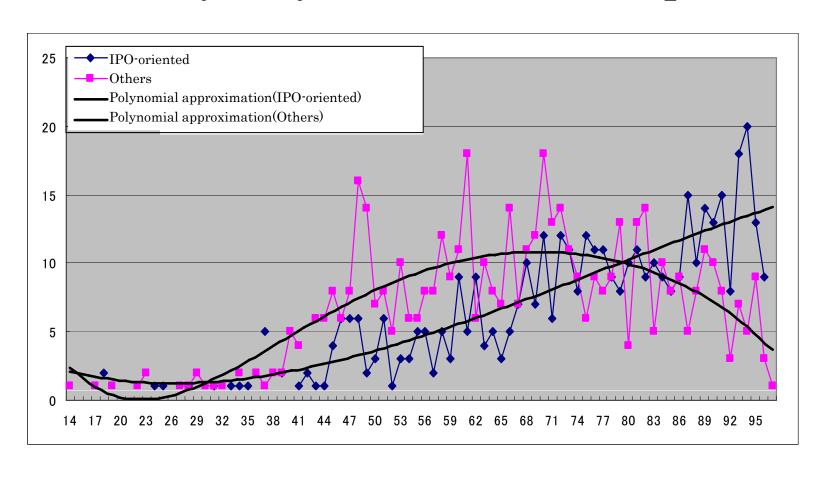


What You See Today

· IPO Ave. Year	<u>USA</u> 5~6	<i>JAPAN</i> 29 Year
• No. of IPO/Year	500	100 Co.
• Equity % of Founder at I	PO 4	70%
• New Employ't by SME/Y	Y 1,500	90K
• Univ. of Entre. Lecture	500	50
• Co.Establish, Shut Down	16/13	4.6/4.7%
• VC Support	Hands on	Loan

Recent Development is different!!!

The yearly number of start-ups



Many Recent Success Stories

Some are over \$2 Billion Sales

• HIS	Travel	1980	1995	Sawada
• NOVA	English	1990	1996	Saruhashi
 Hikari 	Com.Sales	1988	1996	Shigeta
 Plaza Crea 	ate Photo	1988	1994	Ohshima
 Doutor 	Coffee Shop	1976	1993	Toba
 Rakuten 	Network Shop	1988	2000?	Mikitani
• DegiQub	Game Sales	1996	1999	Suzuki

> Very Few Tech. Oriented Entrepreneurs

Supporting Policy/Registration

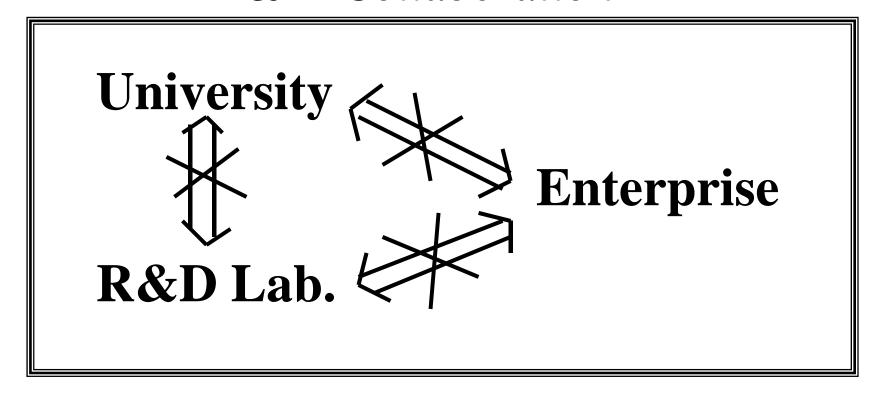
	US	<u>JAPAN</u>	
V C Co.	1946	1972	- 26
SBIC	1958	1963	- 5
Bayh-Dole Law	1980	1999	- 19
SBIR	1983	1998	- 15
Stock Option		1995	
Angel Tax		1997	
TLO	1940~	1999	- 50



10~20 Years Behind USA

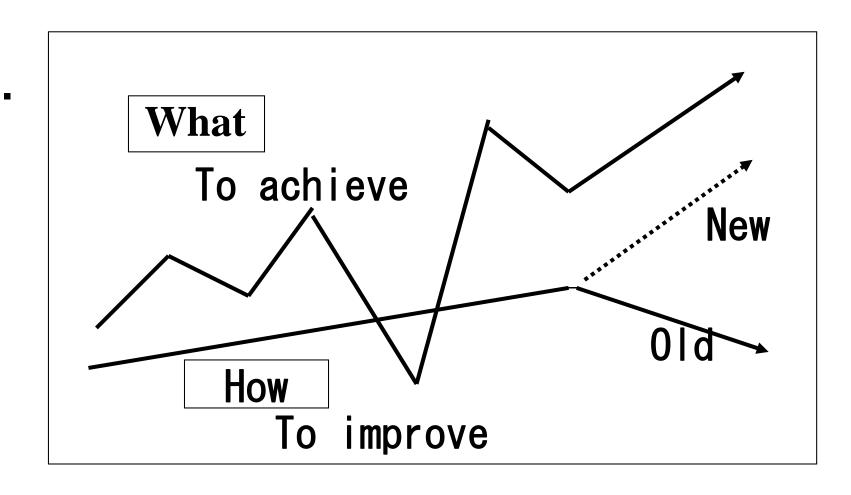
Key Issue of Japan

R&D Collaboration



STRATEGY VS KAIZEN

Prof. M.Porter says: Japan has no Strategy.



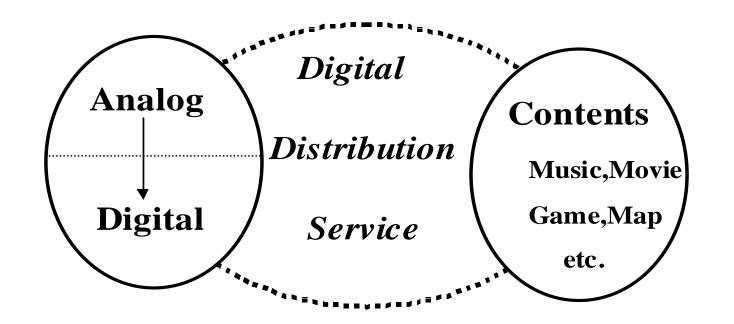
BUSINESS MODEL

	OLD NEW	Keyword
US	Large> Silicon Valley Model Co. GE Portfolio Model	Net Economy
EUROPE	National> Pan Euro Model	EURO Money
Japan	Kaizen Model> ?	?

Manufacturing: JAPAN < USA

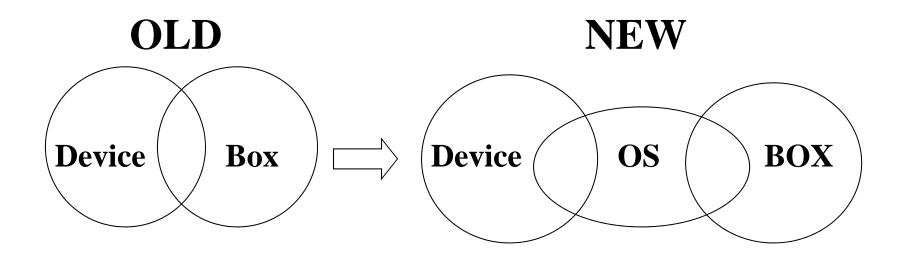


SONY's NEW BUSINESS DOMAIN



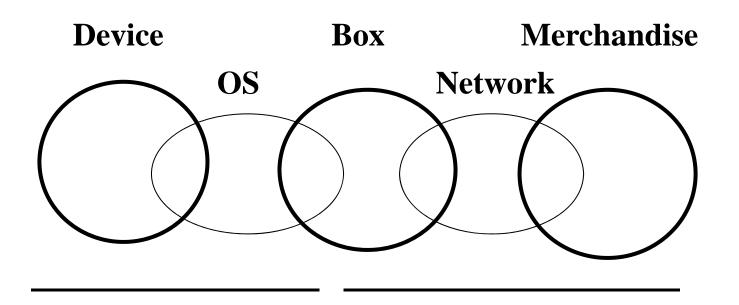
BOX Network Merchandise

Manufacturing Business Model



STB, Portable Phone, Automobile, IC Card, etc

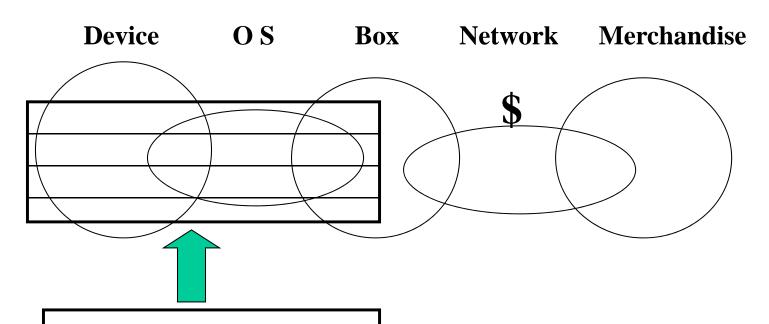
Five-Circle Model



Manufacturing

SONY E-Business

Built in the Japanese Strength to



Ultra Small Motor, Bearing

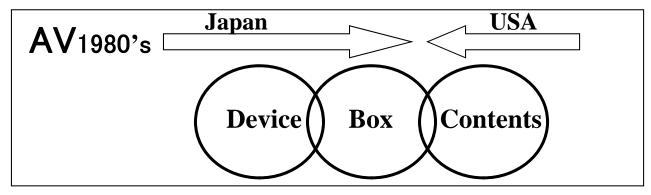
KANAGATA/Mold

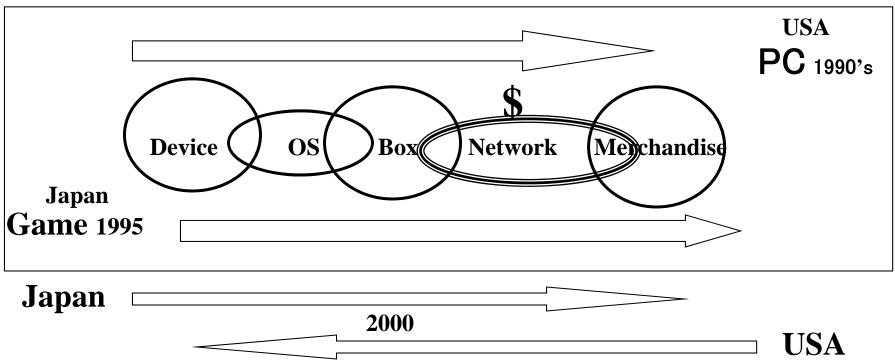
System LSI

Battery

Level up to IT Environment to keep influence to the Network, where \$\$\$ comes in the New Age.

Value Chain Approach: US v.s JAPAN



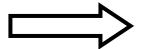


OS for Terminals

Home: STB

Automobile: ITS Navigation System

Outdoor: Cell Phone



From Professional IT Society to Personal IT Society

Home Audio \Longrightarrow **WALKMAN**

PC Cell Phone

Cell Phone Banking, Shopping, E-mail

Other Key Factors

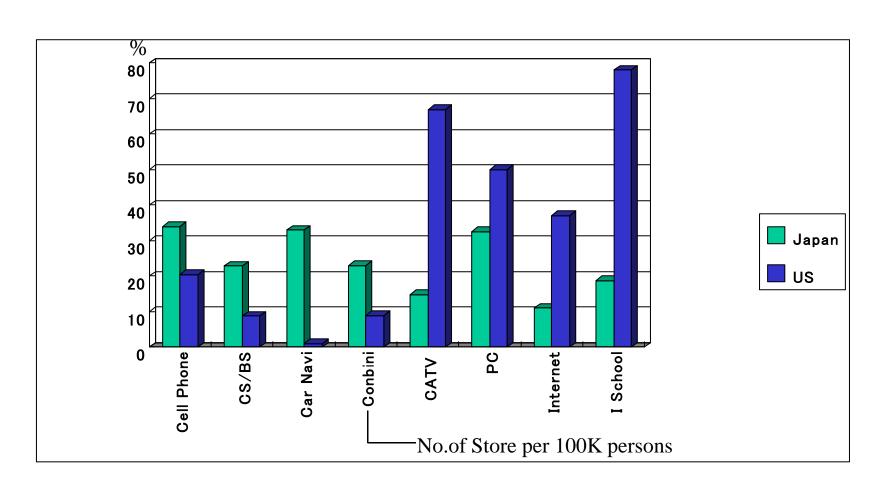
for Network Economy Penetration

Japanese Advantages

- 1. Clever Portable Phone Terminal
- 2. Physical Portal: 24h Convenience Store
- 3. Express Distribution Service to Home

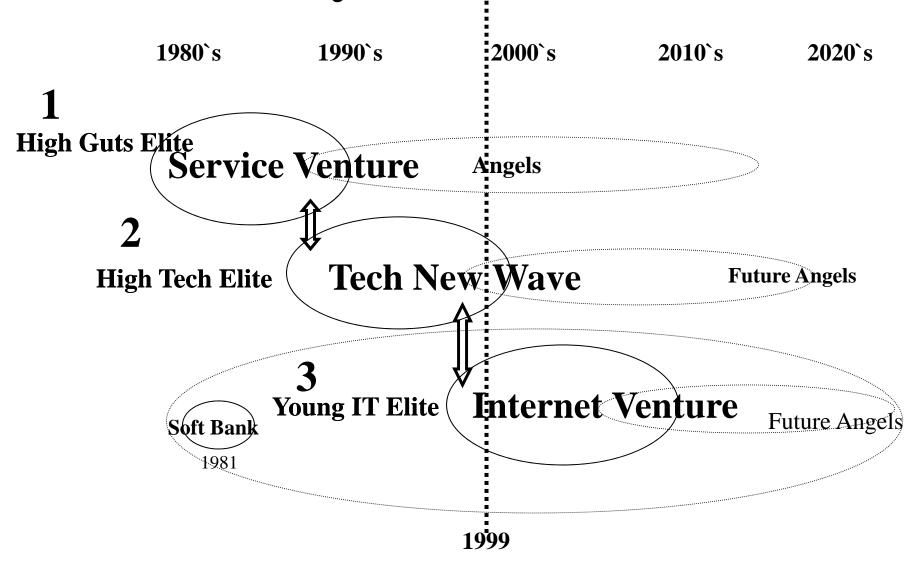
> Highly IT Armed Seven-Eleven, Yamato Express

"Network" Penetration Ratio

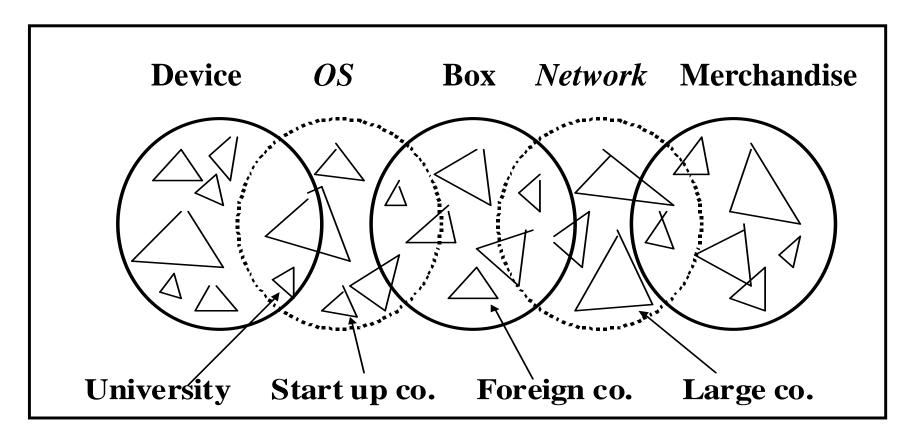


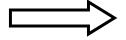
Data: 1999 Japan Communication white Paper, etc.

Three Layers Structure of Japan



Dynamic Module Combination



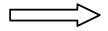


Small Independent Organization is the Key.

New Waves in Japan

Technology Oriented Entrepreneur

<u>C</u>	Company Fo	oundea	d Founder	<u>Business</u>	Joint work with:
•	IIJ	'98	Suzuki	B to B Network	SONY, Toyota
•	INCS	'90	Yamada	Mold Tooling	HONDA
•	Yozan	'90	Takatori	LSI	NTT
•	Future	'89	Kanamaru	System Design	Seven Eleven
•	Mega Chips	'90	Shindo	System LSI	Nintendo
•	Thein	'92	Iizuka	System LSI	AV Makers
•	Synthesis	'98	Yoshida	System LSI	Sumitomo Denko
•	Kyouden	'83	Hashimoto	Print Board	AV Makers



Utilize Big Companies as a Equal Partner.

Characteristics of the New Waver

- Blue Chip's Elite Engineer
- Started with Age 40's
- USA Univ. or Business Experience
- Global Mind and Action
- IPO or M&A Exit Strategy
- Keep as a CEO, but not to their kids
- Future Angel

R&D Oriented Emerging Entrepreneurial Company in JAPAN

Technology Co.Name CEO Found IPO Person \$M Technical Specialty							
Mfg.Tech.	INCS	49	'90	_	110	30	3D Speed Tooling
	SAMCO	57	' 79	-	100	33	Thin Film Tech.
System LSI	Megachips	57	' 90	' 98	90	60	Game LSI
	Thine	51	' 92		40	95	AV LSI
	Realvision	45	' 96		40	10	3D Image LSI
IT,Network	IIJ	52	'92	' 99	270	300	Internet Provider
	Rakuten	35	' 97	ı	40	60	Network Mall
	Mag Mag	29	' 97	ı	10	5	Mail Magazine
	Future	44	' 89	' 99	150	40	System Integration
Game Soft		many companies					

Key Issue of JAPAN

- New Combination

- Independent Personality

Japan is Ready to Compete / Collaborate with USA

for Global Innovation